Microsoft

Exam Questions SC-401

Administering Information Security in Microsoft 365

NEW QUESTION 1
- (Topic 1)
You need to meet the technical requirements for the creation of the sensitivity labels. To which user or users must you assign the Sensitivity Label Administrator role?

A. Admin1 only
B. Admin1 and Admin4 only
C. Admin1 and Admin5 only
D. Admin1, Admin2, and Admin3 only
E. Admin1, Admin2, Admin4, and Admin5 only

Answer: D

Explanation:
To meet the requirement that all administrative users must be able to create Microsoft 365 sensitivity labels, we need to assign the Sensitivity Label Administrator role to the correct users.
Sensitivity Label Administrator Role Responsibilities
This role allows users to:
Create and manage sensitivity labels in Microsoft Purview. Publish and configure auto-labeling policies.
Modify label encryption and content marking settings.
Review of Admin Roles from the Table:

Admin	Role Assigned	Can Create Sensitivity Labels?
Admin1	Global Reader	□ No, read-only permissions.
Admin2	Compliance Data Administrator	□ Yes, can manage compliance data, including labels.
Admin3	Compliance Administrator	□ Yes, has full compliance management, including labels.
Admin4	Security Operator	□ No, this role is focused on security alerts and response.
Admin5	Security Administrator	□ No, primarily focused on security policies and threat management.

Users that must be assigned the Sensitivity Label Administrator role: Admin2 (Compliance Data Administrator)
Admin3 (Compliance Administrator)
Admin1 (Global Reader) (should be assigned this role to fulfill the requirement that all admins can create labels).

NEW QUESTION 2
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 tenant that has devices onboarded to Microsoft Defender for Endpoint as shown in the following table.

Name	Type
Device1	Windows 11
Device2	Windows 10
Device3	iOS
Device4	macOS

You plan to start using Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss protection (Endpoint DLP). Which devices support Endpoint DLP?

A. Device1 only
B. Device1 and Device2 only
C. Device1 and Device4 only
D. Device1, Device2, and Device4 only
E. Device1, Device2, Device3, and Device4

Answer: B

Explanation:
Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) is supported only on Windows 10 and Windows 11 devices. It does not support macOS or iOS at this time.
From the provided table:
Device1 (Windows 11) - Supported Device2 (Windows 10) - Supported Device3 (iOS) - Not supported Device4 (macOS) - Not supported
Thus, only Device1 and Device2 support Endpoint DLP.

NEW QUESTION 3
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 tenant.
You have a database that stores customer details. Each customer has a unique 13-digit identifier that consists of a fixed pattern of numbers and letters.
You need to implement a data loss prevention (DLP) solution that meets the following
requirements:
Email messages that contain a single customer identifier can be sent outside your company.
Email messages that contain two or more customer identifiers must be approved by the company's data privacy team.
Which two components should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. a sensitivity label
B. a sensitive information type
C. a DLP policy
D. a retention label
E. a mail flow rule

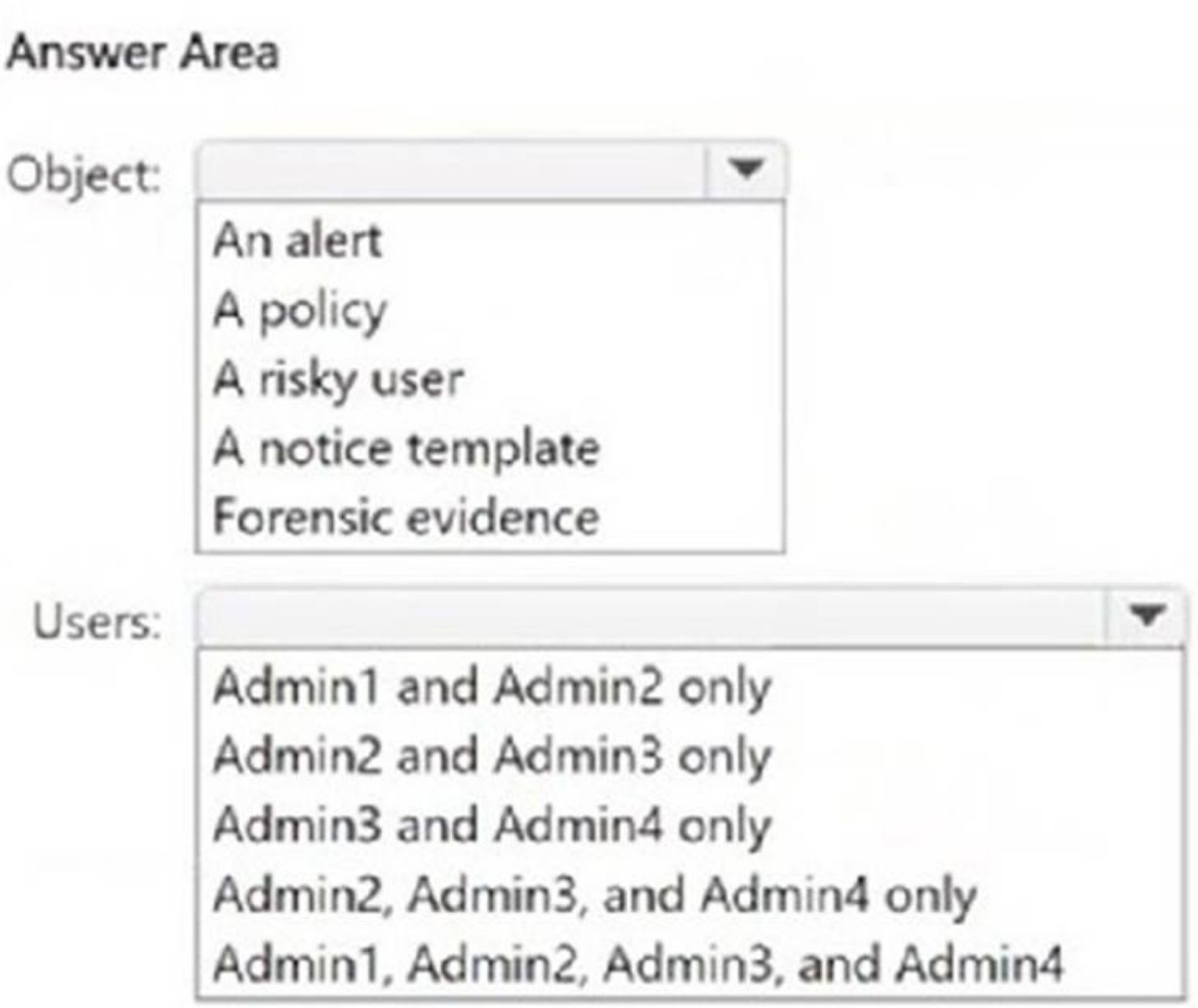
Answer: BC

Explanation:
You need to define a custom sensitive information type that recognizes the unique 13-digit identifier format for customer records. Microsoft Purview DLP policies use these types to identify and protect sensitive data.
A Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy is required to enforce the rules. It will allow emails with a single identifier but trigger an approval workflow when two or more identifiers are detected.

NEW QUESTION 4
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Role group
Admin1	Insider Risk Management Admins
Admin2	Insider Risk Management Analysts
Admin3	Risk Management Investigators
Admin4	Insider Risk Management Auditors

You plan to create a Microsoft Purview insider risk management case named Case1. Which insider risk management object should you select first, and which users will be
added as contributors for Case1 by default?
To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

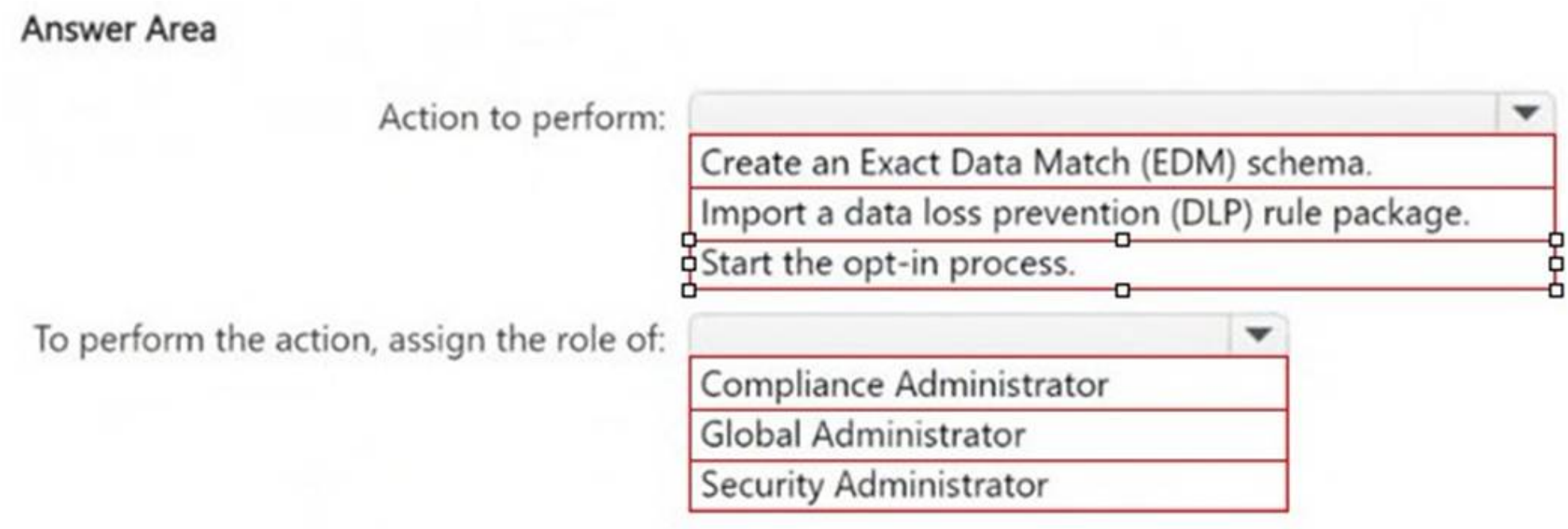


A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Box 1: When creating a Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management case, you must first select a risky user to investigate. The case will be built around this specific user??s activities, linking alerts and risk signals to the investigation.
Box 2: The Insider Risk Management role groups determine who can access and contribute to cases:
Admin1 (Insider Risk Management Admins) Full admin access.
Admin2 (Insider Risk Management Analysts) Analysts who review cases. Admin3 (Risk Management Investigators) Investigators who work on cases. Admin4 (Insider Risk Management Auditors) Auditors who oversee cases.
All these roles have default access to insider risk cases in Microsoft Purview, so all four admins are added as contributors.

NEW QUESTION 5
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a new Microsoft 365 E5 tenant.
You need to create a custom trainable classifier that will detect product order forms. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.
What should you do first? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
To create a custom trainable classifier in Microsoft Purview (formerly Microsoft Compliance Center), you must first opt into the trainable classifier feature.
Before using custom trainable classifiers, Microsoft requires manual opt-in through the Microsoft Purview compliance portal. Without this step, you cannot create a new classifier.
The Compliance Administrator role has the necessary permissions to configure data classification, DLP policies, and trainable classifiers. Global Administrator has higher privileges but is not required for this task, violating the principle of least privilege. Security Administrator is focused on security-related settings but does not manage compliance features like classifiers.

NEW QUESTION 6
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a Microsoft 365 tenant and 500 computers that run Windows 11. The computers are onboarded to Microsoft Purview.
You discover that a third-party application named Tailspin_scanner.exe accessed protected sensitive information on multiple computers. Tailspin_scanner.exe is installed locally on the computers.
You need to block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents without preventing the application from accessing other documents.
Solution: From Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps, you create an app discovery policy. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
Creating an app discovery policy in Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps is used for detecting and monitoring cloud application usage, but it does not prevent a locally installed application (Tailspin_scanner.exe) from accessing sensitive files on Windows 11 devices.
To block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents while allowing it to access other files, the correct solution is to use Microsoft Purview Endpoint Data Loss Prevention (Endpoint DLP) and add Tailspin_scanner.exe to the Restricted Apps list.
Endpoint DLP allows you to block specific applications from accessing sensitive files while keeping general access available. Restricted Apps List in Endpoint DLP ensures that Tailspin_scanner.exe cannot open, copy, or process protected documents, but it can still function normally for non-sensitive content.

NEW QUESTION 7
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.
You have a user named User1. Several users have full access to the mailbox of User1. Some email messages sent to User1 appear to have been read and deleted before the
user viewed them.
When you search the audit log in the Microsoft Purview portal to identify who signed in to the mailbox of User1, the results are blank.
You need to ensure that you can view future sign-ins to the mailbox of User1. Solution: You run the Set-Mailbox -Identity "User1" -AuditEnabled $true command.
Does that meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:
To track who accesses User1??s mailbox, you need to enable mailbox auditing for User1. By default, Exchange mailbox auditing is not enabled per mailbox (even though it is enabled tenant-wide).
The Set-Mailbox -Identity "User1" -AuditEnabled $true command enables audit logging for mailbox actions like:
Read emails Delete emails
Send emails as User1 Access by delegated users
Once enabled, you can search for future sign-ins and actions in the Microsoft Purview audit logs.

NEW QUESTION 8
- (Topic 2)
Your company has offices in multiple countries.
The company has a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview insider risk management.
You plan to perform the following actions:
In a new country, open an office named Office1. Create a new user named User1.
Deploy insider risk management to Office1.
Add User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group.
You need to ensure that User1 can perform insider risk management tasks for only the users and the devices in Office1.
What should you create first?

A. a dynamic device group
B. a dynamic user group
C. an administrative unit
D. a management group

Answer: C

Explanation:
To ensure User1 can perform insider risk management tasks only for the users and devices in Office1, the first step is to create an administrative unit in Microsoft Entra ID (formerly Azure AD).
Administrative units allow you to scope permissions to specific users, devices, and locations. By creating an administrative unit for Office1 and assigning User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group within that unit, User1 will only have access to users and devices in Office1.

NEW QUESTION 9
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Description
User1	• User 1 is a regional manager. • User1 is assigned the Reader role. • Three department managers report to User1.
User2	• User2 is the human resources (HR) department manager. • User2 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned. • Five HR department users report to User2.
User3	• User3 is a developer. • User3 reports to User2. • User3 is the only user in the compliance department. • User3 is assigned the Compliance Administrator role.
User4	• User4 is the assistant of User1. • User4 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned. • User4 handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of User1.

Which users will Microsoft Purview insider risk management flag as potential high-impact users?

A. User1 and User2 only
B. User2 and User3 only
C. User1, User2, and User3 only
D. User1, User2, User3, and User4

Answer: D

Explanation:
Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management flags high-impact users based on various risk factors, including role, access to confidential data, and influence within an organization. Let's analyze each user:
User1 (Regional Manager, assigned Reader role, manages department managers) Risk Factors:
Holds a managerial position (regional manager).
Manages multiple department managers, indicating organizational influence. Access to critical business information.
Flagged? -Yes (Managerial role and access to confidential data).
User2 (HR department manager, no Microsoft Entra roles, manages HR department users) Risk Factors:
Manages HR department users, meaning they likely handle sensitive employee data. HR roles are often considered high-risk due to access to personal and payroll data.
Flagged? -Yes (HR role and access to sensitive employee data).
User3 (Developer, reports to User2, only user in compliance, assigned Compliance Administrator role)
Risk Factors:
Compliance Administrator role grants access to sensitive security and regulatory data. Only person in the compliance department, meaning they hold a critical role.
Potentially high impact on compliance and security settings.
Flagged? -Yes (Privileged Compliance Administrator role).
User4 (Assistant to User1, no Entra roles, handles confidential data on behalf of User1)
Risk Factors:
Handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of a regional manager. Assistants with access to sensitive data are considered insider risk candidates.
Flagged? -Yes (High access to sensitive information).
Since all four users fit high-impact criteria (managerial roles, privileged compliance access, handling sensitive data), Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management will flag all of them.

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

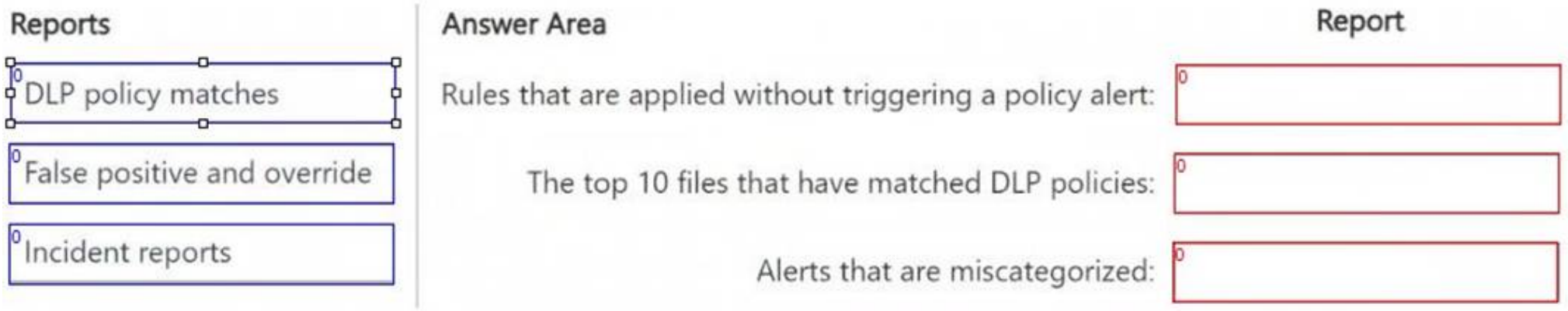
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.
You have a user named User1. Several users have full access to the mailbox of User1. Some email messages sent to User1 appear to have been read and deleted before the
user viewed them.
When you search the audit log in the Microsoft Purview portal to identify who signed in to the mailbox of User1, the results are blank.
You need to ensure that you can view future sign-ins to the mailbox of User1. Solution: You run the Set-MailboxFolderPermission -Identity "User1" -User User1@contoso.com -AccessRights Owner command.
Does that meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
The Set-MailboxFolderPermission -Identity "User1" -User User1@contoso.com - AccessRights Owner command is incorrect. This assigns folder permissions but does not enable auditing. It does not track who accessed the mailbox or deleted emails.

NEW QUESTION 10
DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription that contains 20 data loss prevention (DLP) policies. You need to identify the following:
Rules that are applied without triggering a policy alert The top 10 files that have matched DLP policies Alerts that are miscategorized
Which report should you use for each requirement? To answer, drag the appropriate reports to the correct requirements. Each report may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
The False positive and override report helps identify rules that were applied but did not generate an actual policy alert, which means they were overridden or deemed false positives.
The DLP policy matches report provides details on files that matched DLP policies, including the top 10 files.
The Incident reports report helps analyze and review alerts, including those that may have been miscategorized.

NEW QUESTION 14
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains two Microsoft 365 groups named Group1 and Group2. Both groups use the following resources:
A group mailbox
Microsoft Teams channel messages
A Microsoft SharePoint Online teams site
You create the objects shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
RLabel1	Retention label	*None*
AutoApply1	Auto-labeling policy	Applies RLabel1 to Group1
Retention1	Retention policy	Applied to Group2

To which resources will AutoApply1 and Retention1 be applied? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

AutoApply1:

- The group mailbox only
- The SharePoint Online teams site only
- The group mailbox and SharePoint Online teams site only
- The group mailbox and Teams channel messages only
- The group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages

Retention1:

- The group mailbox only
- The SharePoint Online teams site only
- The group mailbox and SharePoint Online teams site only
- The group mailbox and Teams channel messages only
- The group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
AutoApply1 is an auto-labeling policy that applies RLabel1 to Group1. Auto-labeling policies can apply retention labels across group mailboxes, SharePoint Online sites, and Teams channel messages if they are configured for group resources.
Retention1 is a retention policy applied to Group2. Retention policies for Microsoft 365 groups apply to all group resources, including group mailboxes, SharePoint Online teams sites, and Teams channel messages.
Since both AutoApply1 and Retention1 affect entire groups, they apply to all associated resources: group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages.

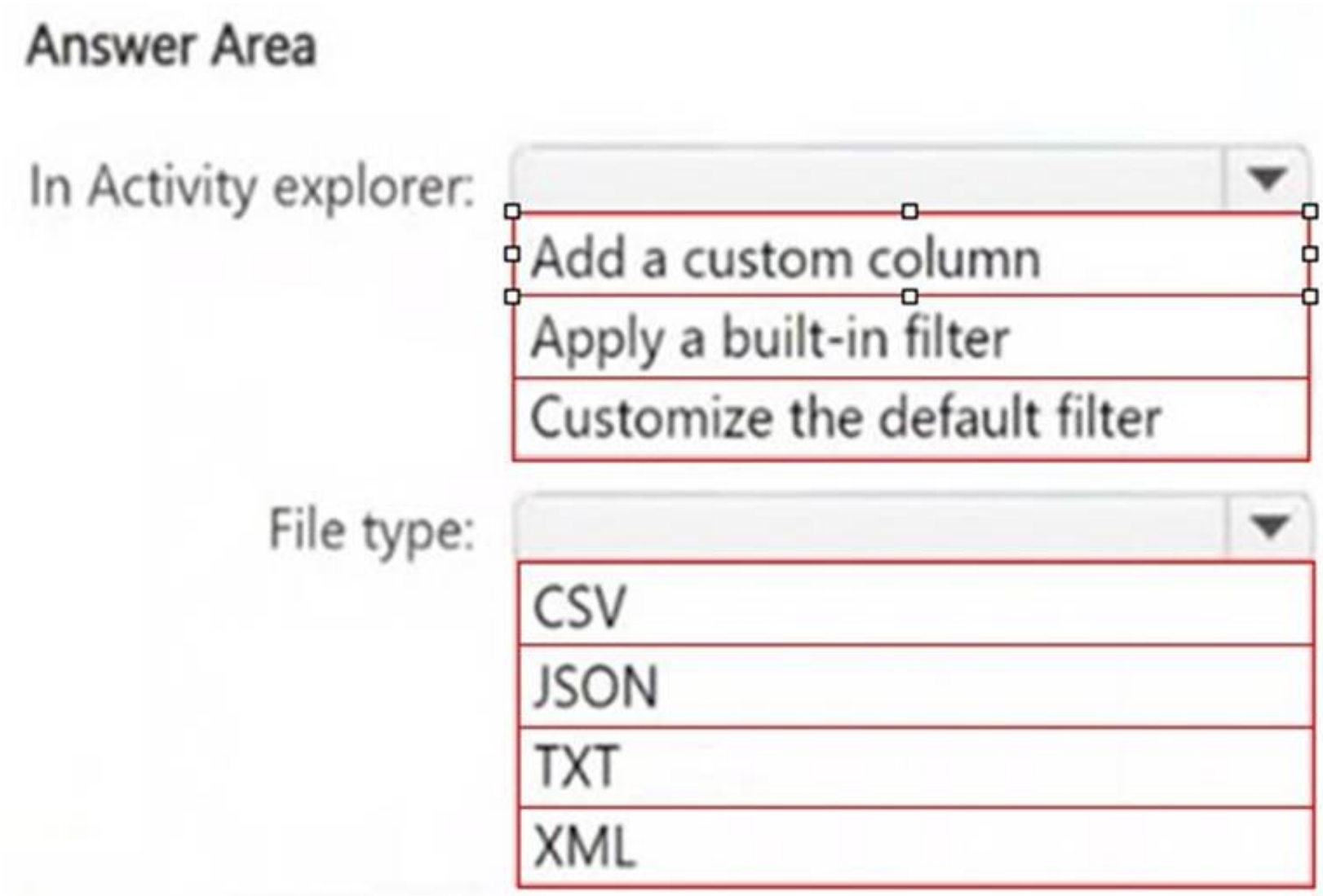
NEW QUESTION 18
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.
You need to customize encrypted email for the subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements.
Ensure that when an encrypted email is sent, the email includes the company logo. Minimize administrative effort.
Which PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

A. Set-IRMConfiguration
B. Set-OMEConfiguration
C. Set-RMSTemplate
D. New-OMEConfiguration

Answer: B

Explanation:
To customize encrypted email in Microsoft 365, including adding a company logo, you need to modify the Office Message Encryption (OME) branding settings. The Set- OMEConfiguration PowerShell cmdlet allows you to configure branding elements such as: Company logo
Custom text Background color
This cmdlet is used to update existing OME branding settings, ensuring that encrypted emails sent from your organization include the required customizations.

NEW QUESTION 21
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that has data loss prevention (DLP) implemented.
You plan to export DLP activity by using Activity explorer.
The exported file needs to display the sensitive info type detected for each DLP rule match. What should you do in Activity explorer before exporting the data, and in which file format is the file exported? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Box 1: To include the sensitive info type detected for each DLP rule match, you need to add a custom column in Activity Explorer. This ensures that the exported file contains specific details about the detected sensitive information types.
Box 2: DLP activity exports from Activity Explorer are always in CSV (Comma-Separated Values) format. This format allows for easy data analysis and reporting in Excel or other data-processing tools.

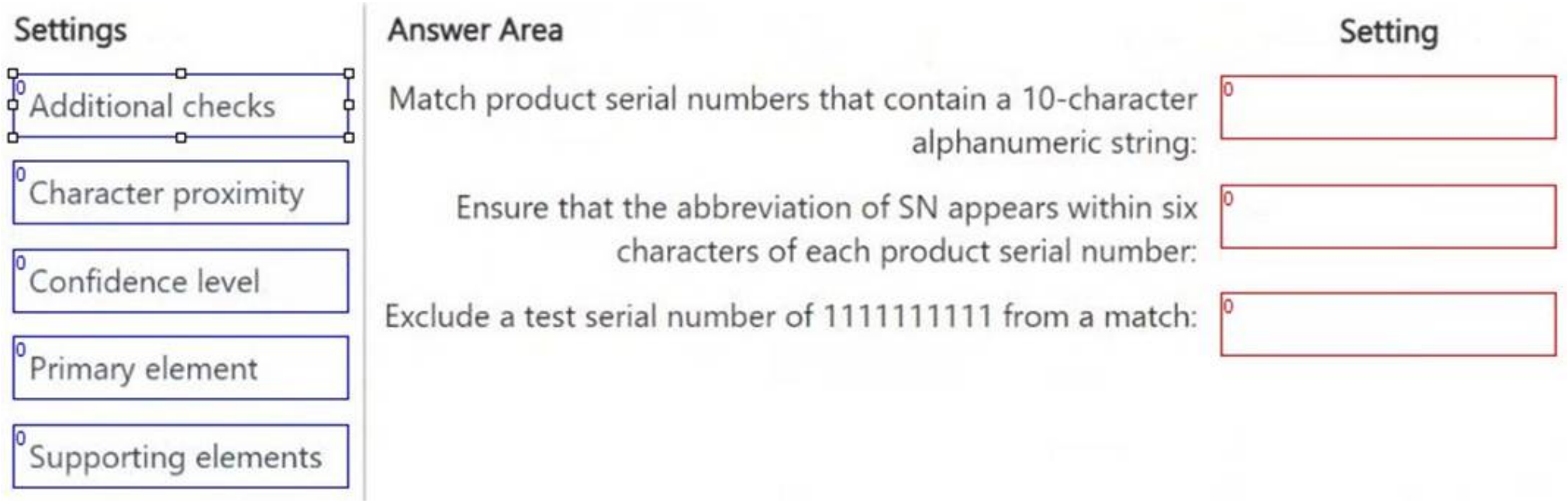
NEW QUESTION 23
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription. Users have devices that run Windows 11.
You plan to create a Microsoft Purview insider risk management policy that will detect when a user performs the following actions:
Deletes files that contain a sensitive information type (SIT) from their device Copies files that contain a SIT to a USB drive
Prints files that contain a SIT
You need to prepare the environment to support the policy.
What should you do?

A. Configure the physical badging connector.
B. Configure the HR data connector.
C. Create a Microsoft Purview communication compliance policy.
D. Onboard the devices to Microsoft Purview.

Answer: D

Explanation:
To ensure that Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management can detect file deletions, USB copies, and print actions on sensitive information, you must onboard the Windows 11 devices to Microsoft Purview.
Device onboarding enables endpoint activity monitoring, allowing Purview to track and log user activities such as file deletions, USB transfers, and printing of sensitive files. Once onboarded, the Insider Risk Management policy can analyze these activities and generate risk alerts when sensitive information types (SITs) are involved.

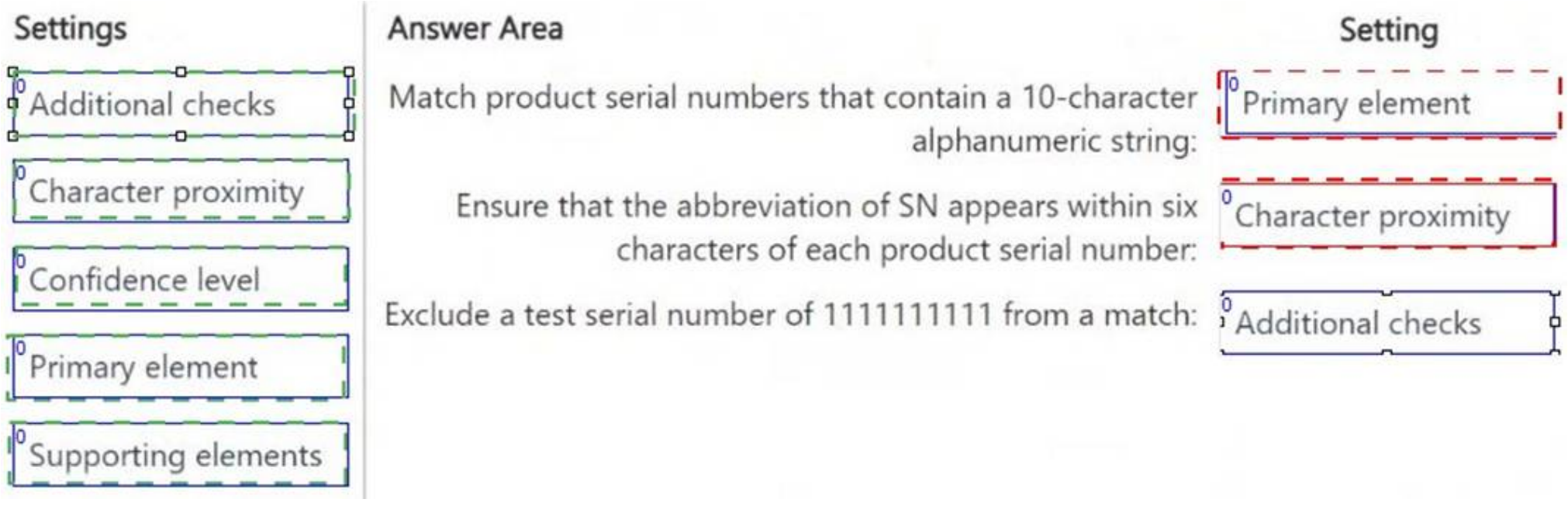
NEW QUESTION 24
DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that has data loss prevention (DLP) implemented.
You need to create a custom sensitive info type. The solution must meet the following requirements:
Match product serial numbers that contain a 10-character alphanumeric string.
Ensure that the abbreviation of SN appears within six characters of each product serial number.
Exclude a test serial number of 1111111111 from a match.
Which pattern settings should you configure for each requirement? To answer, drag the appropriate settings to the correct requirements. Each setting may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 25
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.
You need to create a sensitivity label named Label1. The solution must ensure that users can use Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize files that have Label1 applied.
Which permission should you select for Label1?

A. Export content(EXPORT)
B. Copy and extract content(EXTRACT)
C. Edit content(DOCEDIT)
D. View rights(VIEW)

Answer: B

Explanation:
To allow Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize files that have Label1 applied, the label must grant permission to extract content from the document. The correct permission for this is Copy and extract content (EXTRACT).
Microsoft 365 Copilot requires access to read and process content in documents to generate summaries. The EXTRACT permission allows users (and AI tools like Copilot) to copy and extract content for processing while still maintaining the protection applied by the sensitivity label.

NEW QUESTION 28
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription. The subscription contains devices that are onboarded to Microsoft Purview and configured as shown in the following table.

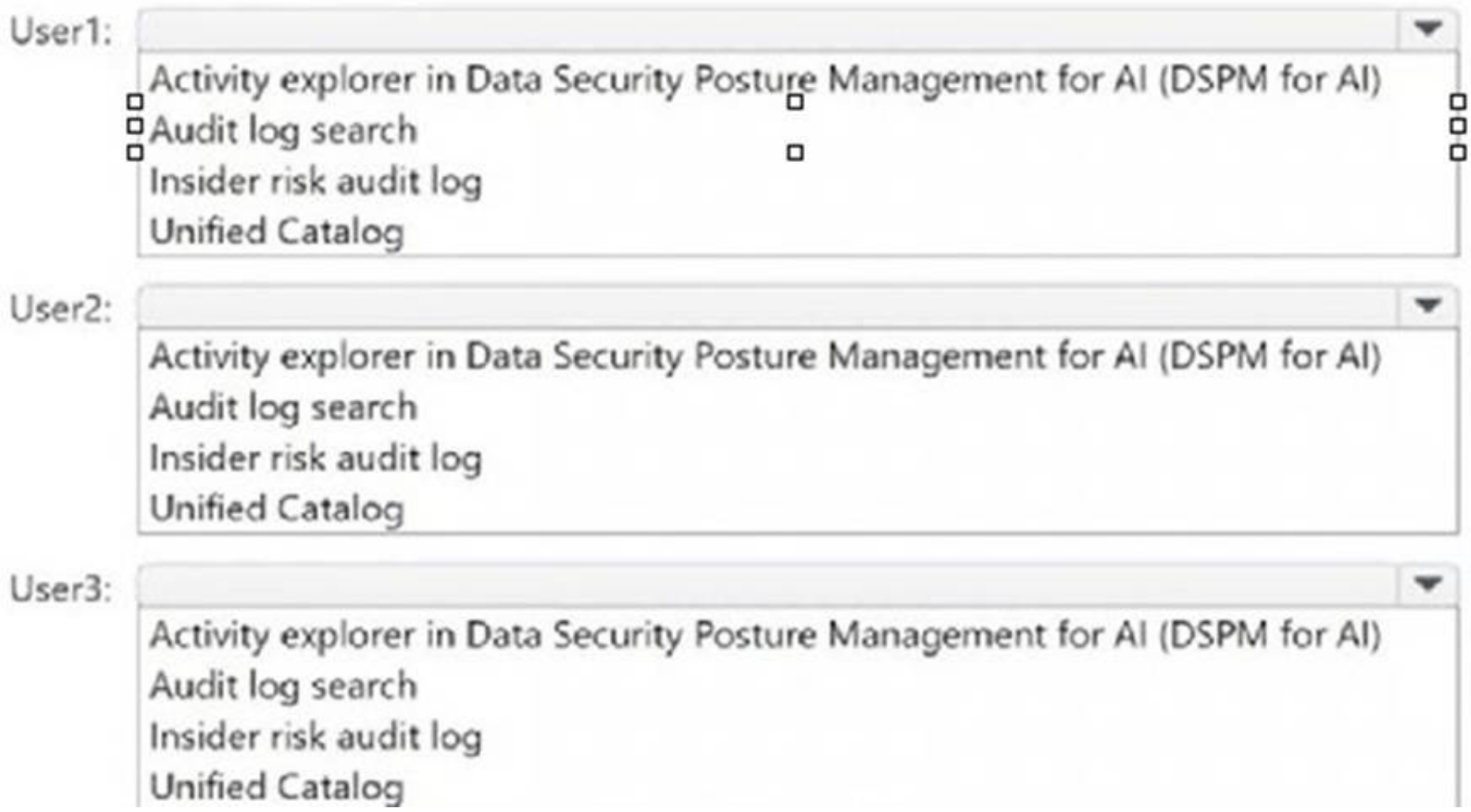
Name	Operating system	Microsoft Purview browser extension
Device1	Windows 11	Installed
Device2	Windows 11	Not installed
Deivce3	macOS	Installed

The subscription contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Activity performed during the last seven days	On device
User1	Used a generative AI website to generate an image	Device1
User2	Asked Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize a document	Device2
User3	Browsed sample content on a generative AI website	Device3

You need to review the activities.
What should you use for each user? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
User1: Since the Microsoft Purview browser extension is installed on Device1, AI-related activity performed by User1 (generating an image using a generative AI website) can be reviewed in Activity explorer in DSPM for AI.
User2: Since Device2 does not have the Microsoft Purview browser extension installed, AI- related activity cannot be tracked in DSPM for AI. Instead, Audit log search should be used to review activity such as using Microsoft 365 Copilot.
User3: Since Device3 has the Microsoft Purview browser extension installed, AI-related activity (browsing sample content on a generative AI website) can be reviewed using Activity explorer in DSPM for AI.

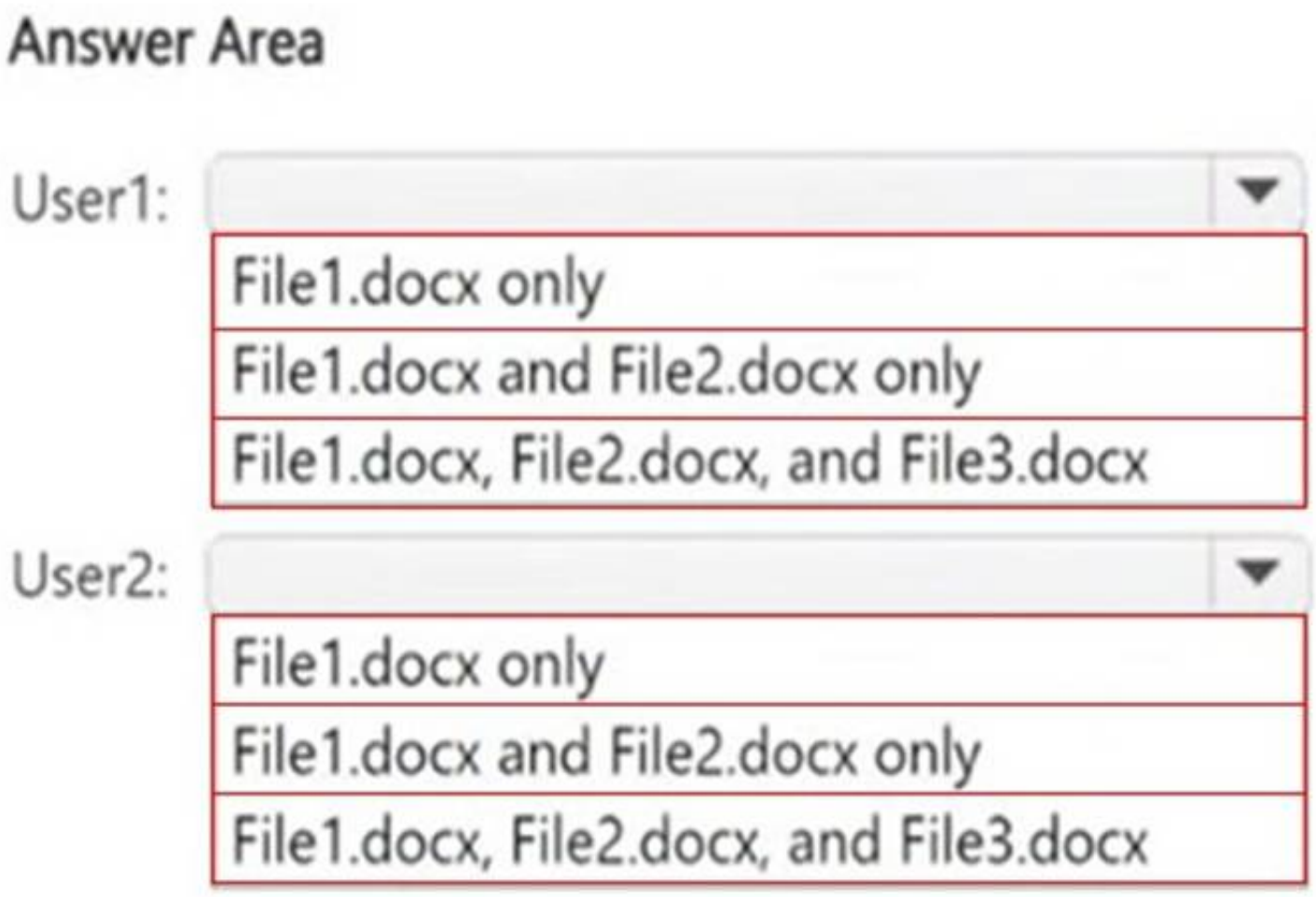
NEW QUESTION 30
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft SharePoint Online site that contains the following files.

Name	Modified by	Data loss prevention (DLP) action
File1.docx	Manager1	*None*
File2.docx	Manager1	Matched by DLP
File3.docx	Manager1	Blocked by DLP

Users are assigned roles for the site as shown in the following table.

Name	Role
User1	Site owner
User2	Site member

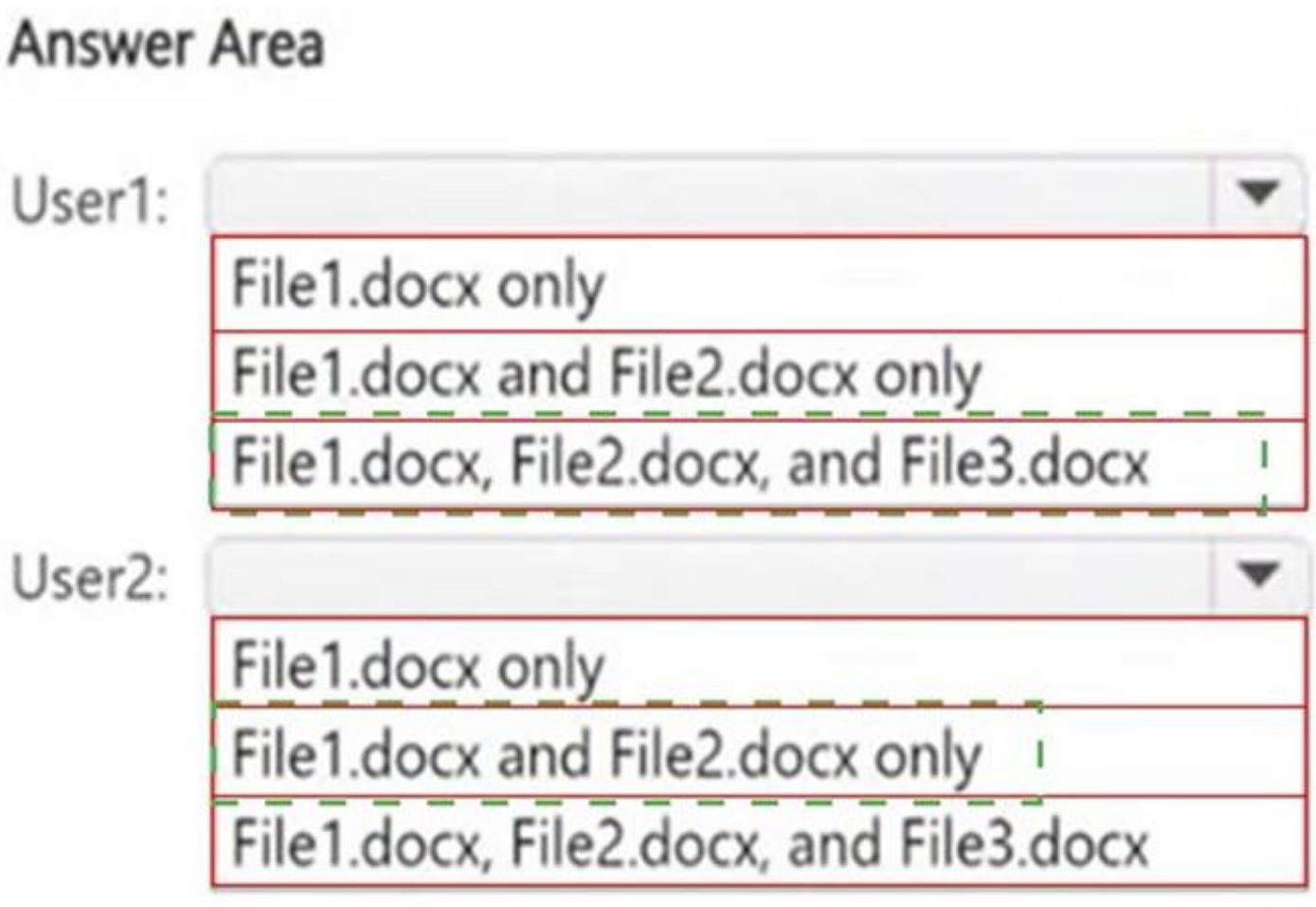
Which files can User1 and User2 open? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 35
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

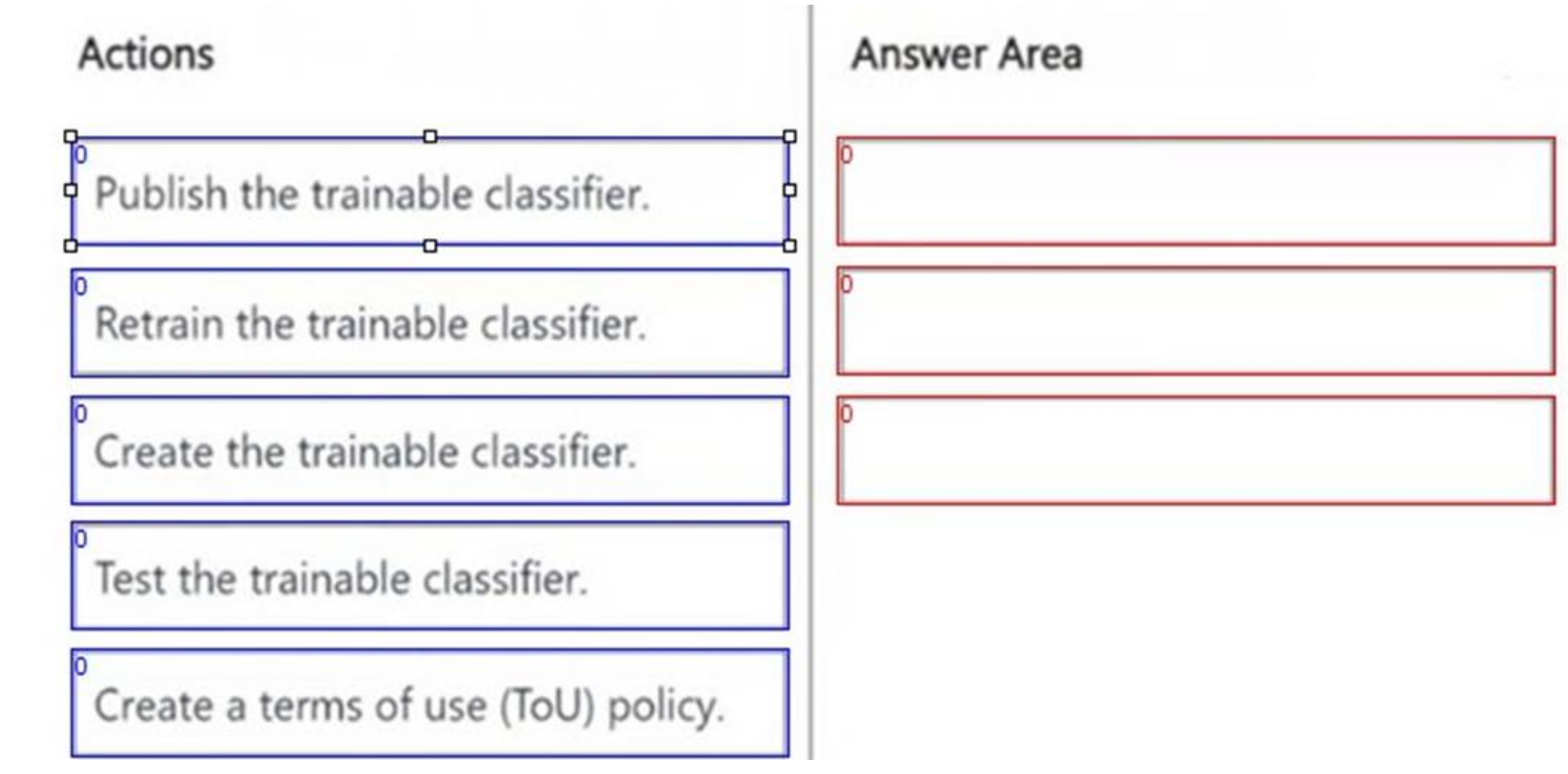
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a Microsoft 365 tenant and 500 computers that run Windows 11. The computers are onboarded to Microsoft Purview.
You discover that a third-party application named Tailspin_scanner.exe accessed protected sensitive information on multiple computers. Tailspin_scanner.exe is installed locally on the computers.
You need to block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents without preventing the application from accessing other documents.
Solution: From the Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) settings, you add a folder path to the file path exclusions.
Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
Adding a folder path to the file path exclusions in Microsoft 365 Endpoint DLP does not prevent Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing protected sensitive information. Instead, it would exclude those files from DLP protection, which is not the intended outcome.
To block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents while allowing it to access other files, the correct solution is to use Microsoft Purview Endpoint Data Loss Prevention (Endpoint DLP) and add Tailspin_scanner.exe to the Restricted Apps list.
Endpoint DLP allows you to block specific applications from accessing sensitive files while keeping general access available. Restricted Apps List in Endpoint DLP ensures that Tailspin_scanner.exe cannot open, copy, or process protected documents, but it can still function normally for non-sensitive content.

NEW QUESTION 39
DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)
You need to create a trainable classifier that can be used as a condition in an auto-apply retention label policy.
Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
To create a trainable classifier that can be used in an auto-apply retention label policy, you need to follow these key steps:
* 1. Create the trainable classifier
This is the first step where you define the classifier, specifying the types of content it should identify.
* 2. Test the trainable classifier
Before using the classifier in production, you need to validate its accuracy by testing it against sample documents to ensure it correctly classifies the intended data.
* 3. Publish the trainable classifier
Once testing is successful, you must publish the classifier so that it can be used in policies like auto-apply retention labels in Microsoft Purview.

NEW QUESTION 41
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You recently discovered that the developers at your company emailed Azure Storage Account keys in plain text to third parties.
You need to ensure that when Azure Storage Account keys are emailed, the emails are encrypted.
Solution: You configure a mail flow rule that matches the text patterns. Does this meet the goal?

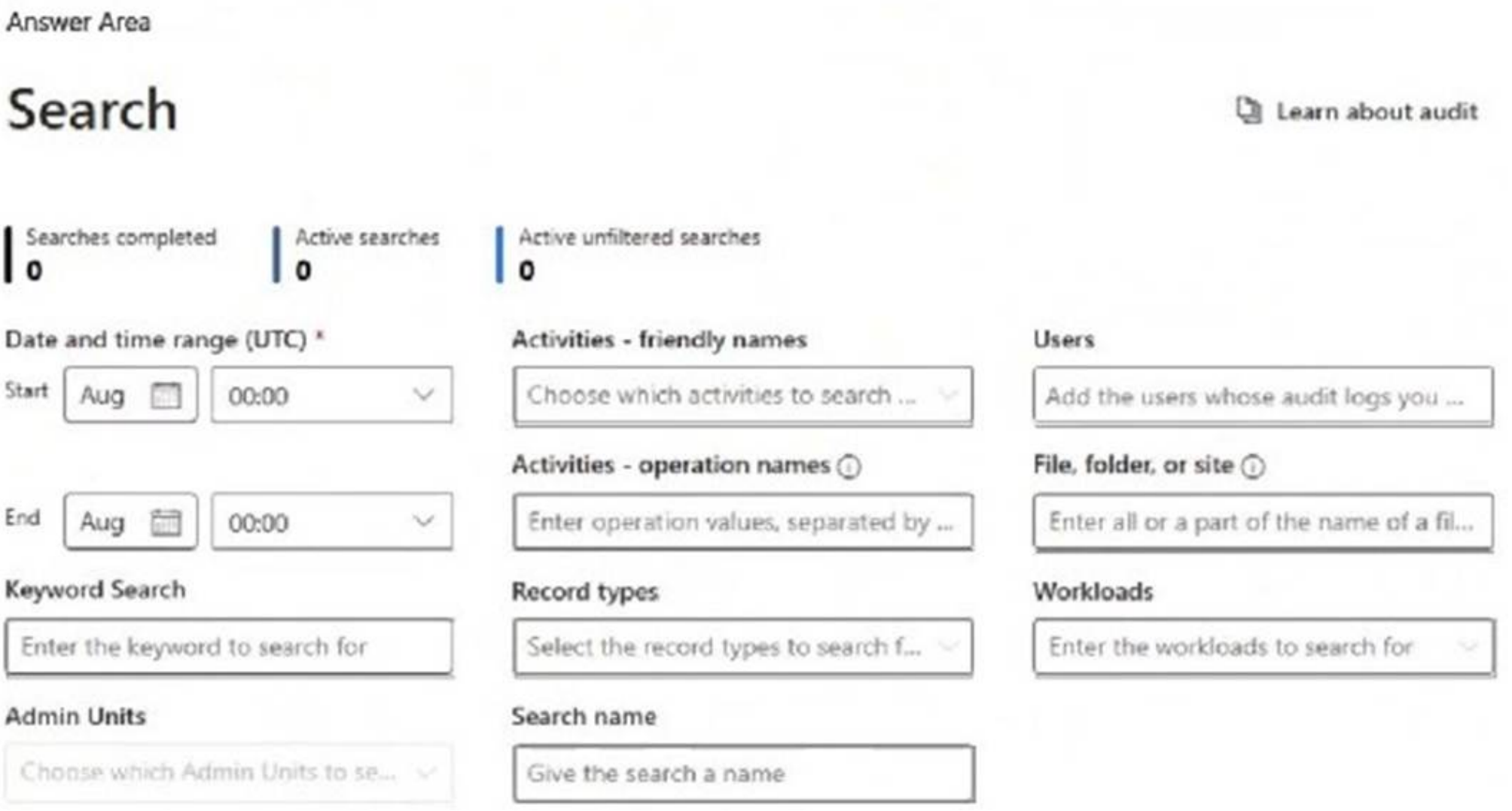
A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
To ensure Azure Storage Account keys are encrypted when sent via email, you need a Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy that detects Azure Storage Account keys using a sensitive information type and automatically encrypts emails containing these keys.
Text patterns in mail flow rules are not as reliable as sensitive information types in DLP. Mail flow rules lack advanced content detection and machine learning-based classification, making them less effective than DLP.

NEW QUESTION 43
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.
You plan to deploy an audit log retention policy.
You need to perform a search to validate whether the policy will be applied to the intended entries.
Which two fields should you configure for the search? To answer, select the appropriate fields in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
To validate whether an audit log retention policy will apply to the intended entries, you should configure the following fields:
Date and time range (UTC) ensures that you are searching for audit logs within the time period when the policy should be applied. Audit logs are time-sensitive, and policies affect logs based on their timestamp.
Record types allows you to filter and search for specific audit log categories (e.g., Exchange, SharePoint, Teams, etc.) that are affected by the retention policy. Selecting the correct record type ensures that the policy is evaluated against the relevant data.

NEW QUESTION 47
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.
You need to ensure that encrypted email messages sent to an external recipient can be revoked or will expire within seven days.
What should you configure first?

A. a custom branding template
B. a mail flow rule
C. a sensitivity label
D. a Conditional Access policy

Answer: C

Explanation:
To ensure that encrypted email messages sent to external recipients can be revoked or expire within seven days, you need to configure a sensitivity label with encryption settings in Microsoft Purview Information Protection. A sensitivity label allows you to encrypt emails and documents, set expiration policies (e.g., emails expire after 7 days), and enable email revocation
How to configure it?
Go to Microsoft Purview compliance portal Information Protection Create a sensitivity label
Enable encryption and configure the content expiration policy Publish the label to users

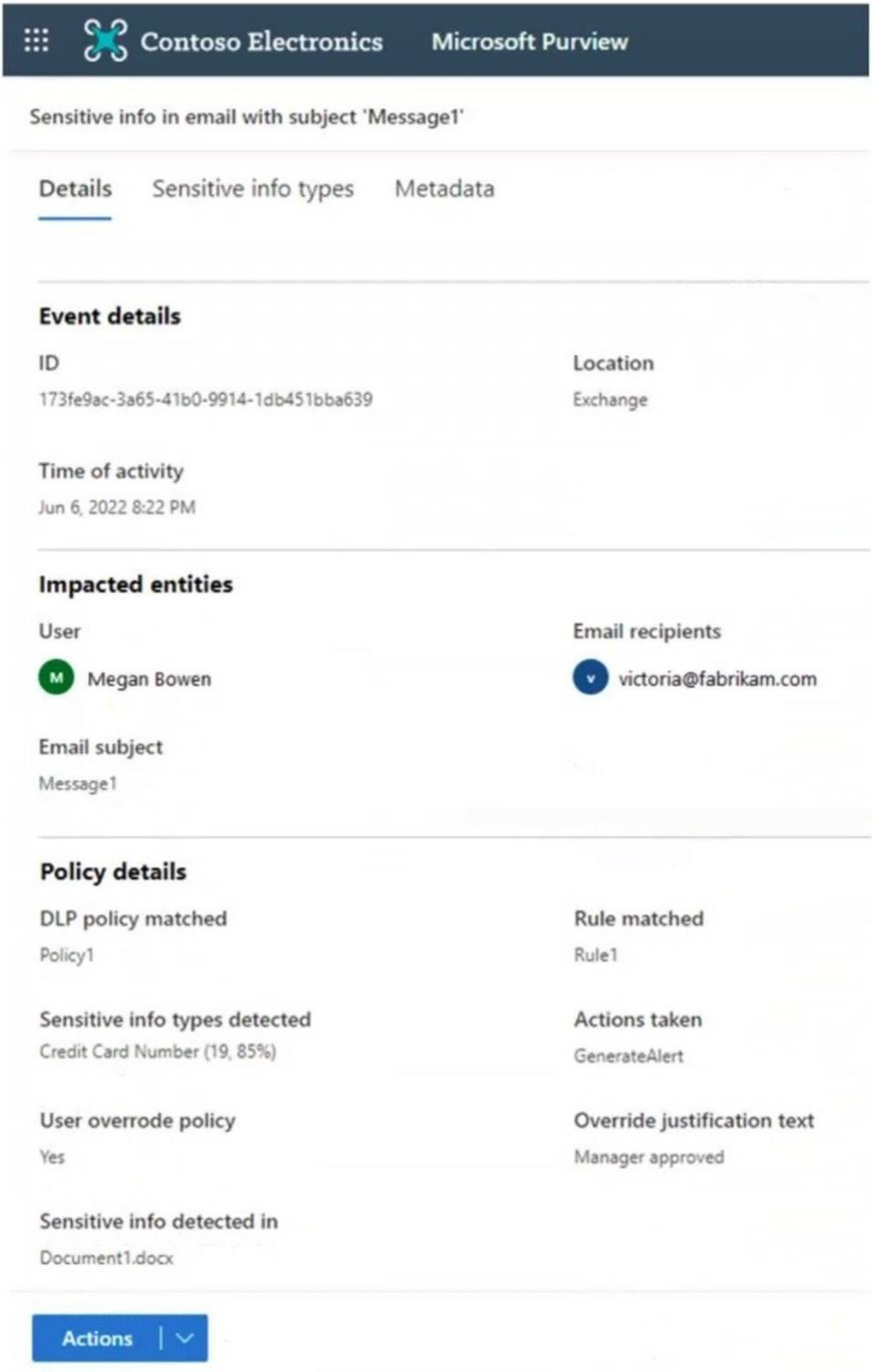
NEW QUESTION 52
- (Topic 2)
Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.
You have a user named User1. Several users have full access to the mailbox of User1. Some email messages sent to User1 appear to have been read and deleted before the user viewed them.
When you search the audit log in the Microsoft Purview portal to identify who signed in to the mailbox of User1, the results are blank.
You need to ensure that you can view future sign-ins to the mailbox of User1. Solution: You run the Set-AdminAuditLogConfig -AdminAuditLogEnabled $true -AdminAuditLogCmdlets *Mailbox* command. Does that meet the goal?

A. Yes
B. No

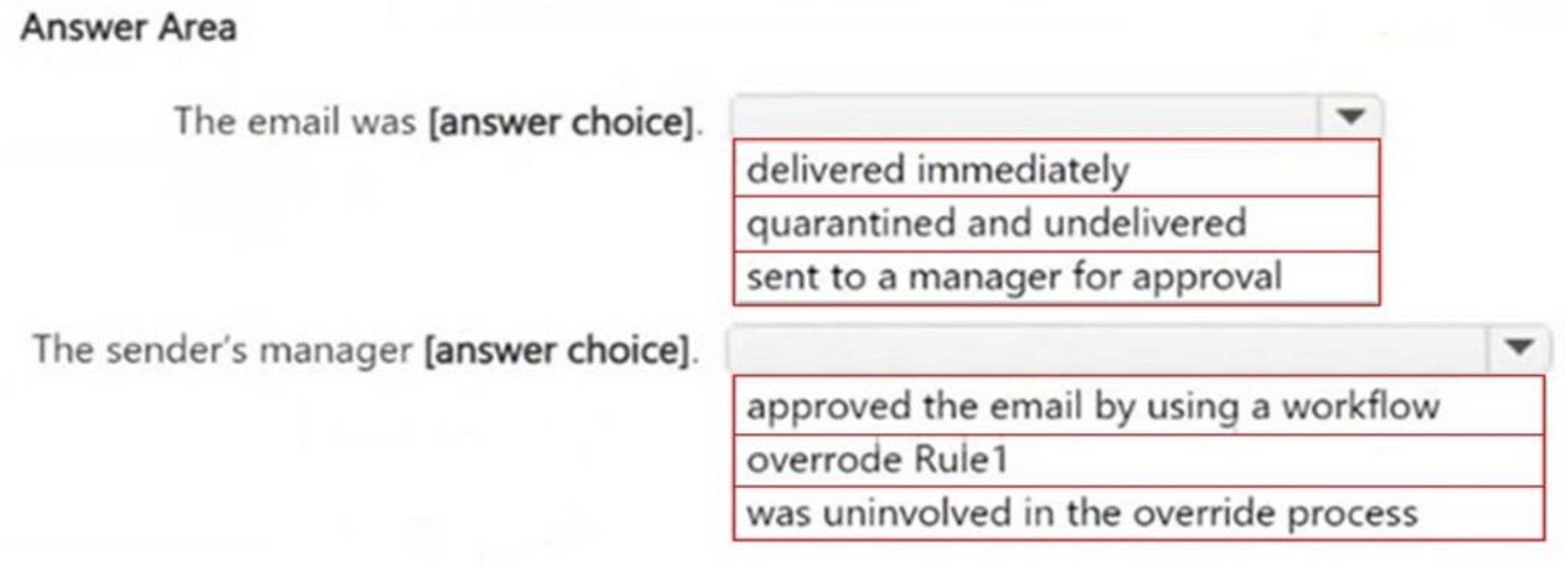
Answer: B

Explanation:
The Set-AdminAuditLogConfig -AdminAuditLogEnabled $true -AdminAuditLogCmdlets
Mailbox command is incorrect. This enables admin audit logging, which tracks changes to mailbox configurations (e.g., mailbox settings updates), not user activity inside the mailbox.

NEW QUESTION 53
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.
You receive the data loss prevention (DLP) alert shown in the following exhibit.


Contoso Electronics
Microsoft Purview
Sensitive info in email with subject 'Message1'
Details
Sensitive info types
Metadata
Event details
ID
173fe9ac-3a65-41b0-9914-1db451bba639
Location
Exchange
Time of activity
Jun 6, 2022 8:22 PM
Impacted entities
User
Megan Bowen
Email recipients
victoria@fabrikam.com
Email subject
Message1
Policy details
DLP policy matched
Policy1
Rule matched
Rule1
Sensitive info types detected
Credit Card Number (19, 85%)
Actions taken
GenerateAlert
User overrode policy
Yes
Override justification text
Manager approved
Sensitive info detected in
Document1.docx
Actions

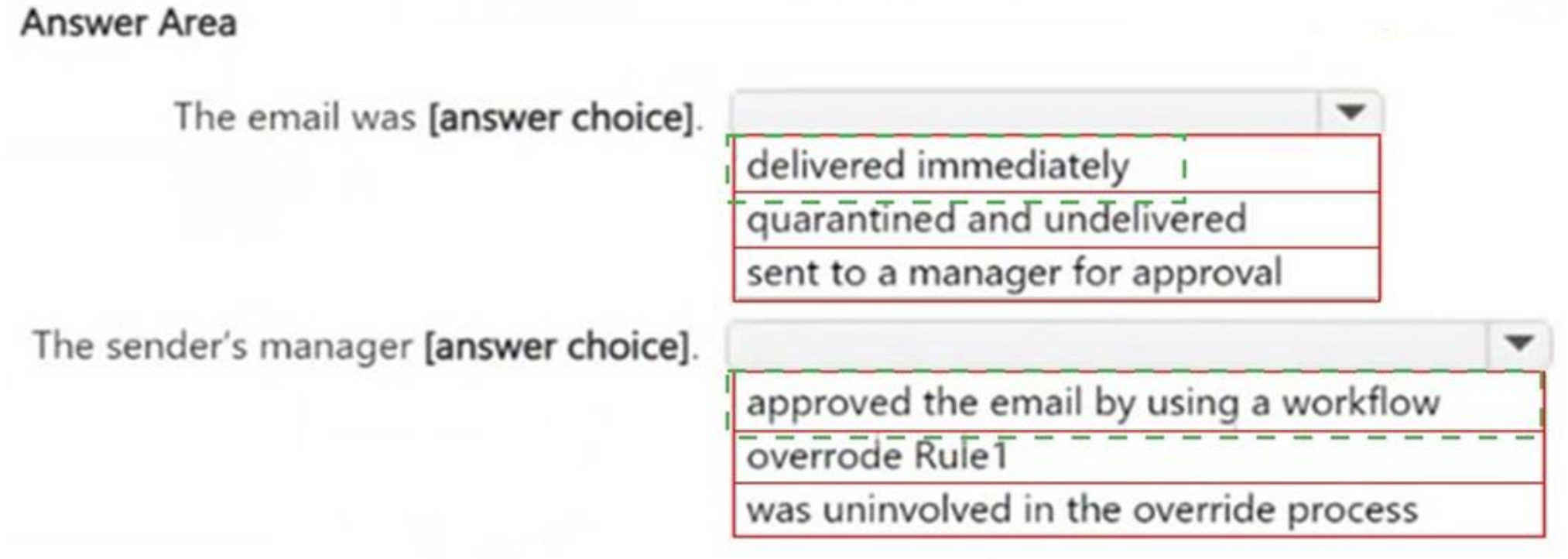
Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 56
- (Topic 2)
You need to be alerted when users share sensitive documents from Microsoft OneDrive to any users outside your company.
What should you do?

A. From the Microsoft Purview portal create an insider risk policy
B. From the Microsoft Defender portal create a file policy
C. From the Microsoft Defender portal, create an activity policy.
D. From the Microsoft Purview portal, start a data investigation.

Answer: B

Explanation:
An activity policy in Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps (Microsoft Defender portal) allows you to track and alert on specific user actions, such as sharing sensitive documents externally from OneDrive. This policy can detect file-sharing activities and send alerts when files are shared with external users, which meets the requirement.

NEW QUESTION 60
- (Topic 2)
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.
You plan to implement insider risk management for users that manage sensitive data associated with a project.
You need to create a protection policy for the users. The solution must meet the following requirements:
Minimize the impact on users who are NOT part of the project. Minimize administrative effort.
What should you do first?

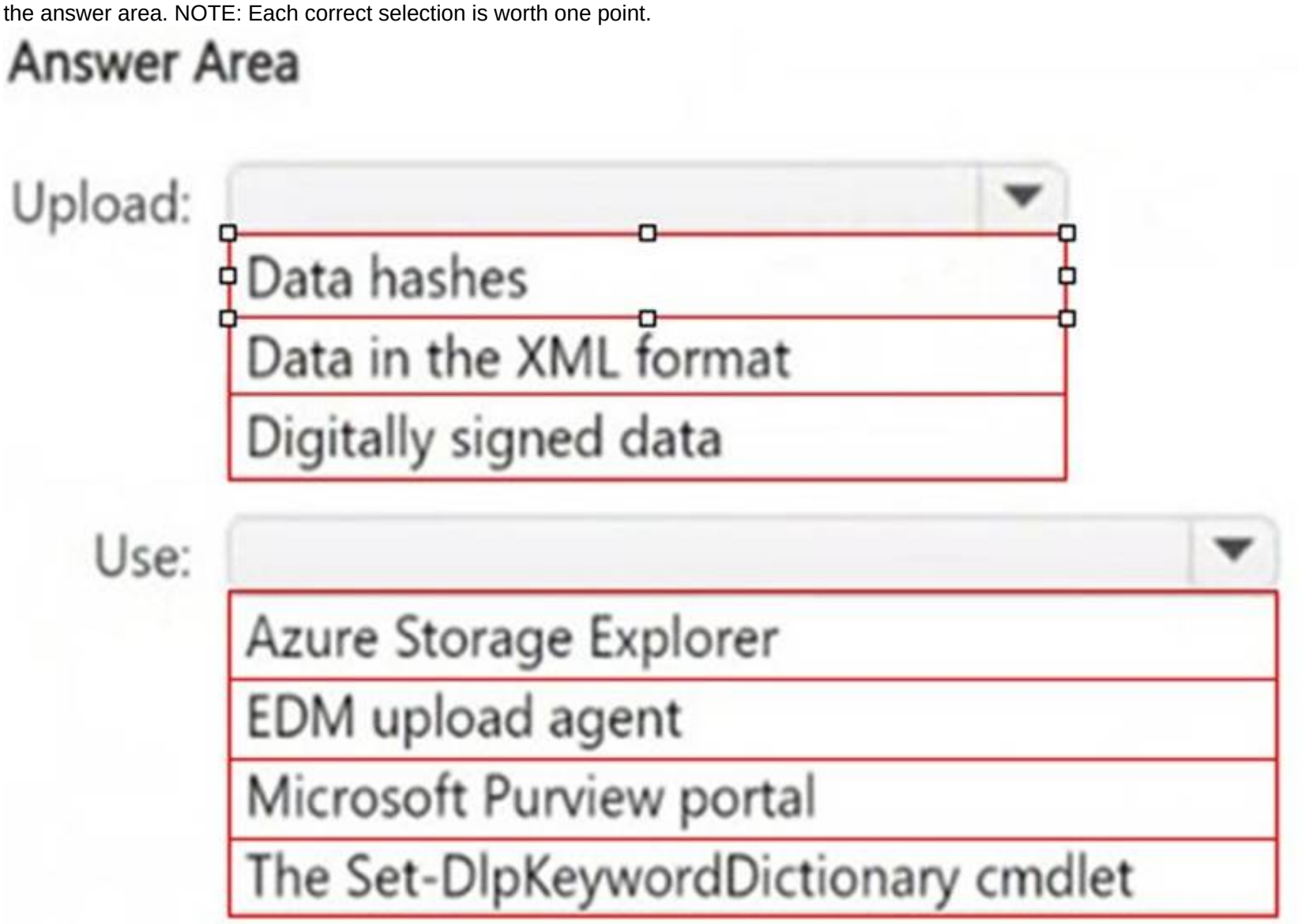
A. From the Microsoft Purview portal, create an insider risk management policy.

B. From the Microsoft Entra admin center, create a security grou
C. C From the Microsoft Entra admin center create a User risk policy D From the Microsoft Purview portal create a priority user group

Answer: B

Explanation:
To implement insider risk management for users managing sensitive project data while minimizing the impact on other users and reducing administrative effort, you should first create a security group in Microsoft Entra ID (formerly Azure AD).
Security groups allow you to scope insider risk management policies to specific users instead of applying policies to all users, which helps in minimizing unnecessary alerts and reducing administrative overhead. After creating the security group, you can assign this group to a Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management policy, ensuring that only project- related users are affected.

NEW QUESTION 64
HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)
You plan to create a custom sensitive information type that will use Exact Data Match (EDM).
You need to identify what to upload to Microsoft 365, and which tool to use for the upload. What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
EDM does not store raw data; instead, it requires hashed versions of sensitive data for privacy and security. To upload the hashed data, Microsoft provides the EDM upload agent. This ensures that the data is securely processed and recognized by the EDM service in Microsoft 365.

NEW QUESTION 69
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