

## JN0-104 Dumps

### Junos - Associate (JNCIA-Junos)

<https://www.certleader.com/JN0-104-dumps.html>



**NEW QUESTION 1**

Click the Exhibit button.

**Exhibit**

```

user@router> show configuration interfaces ge-0/0/1.0
family inet {
  filter {
    input input-ff;
  }
  address 10.10.102.1/24;
}
user@router> show configuration firewall filter input-ff
term t1 {
  then {
    reject;
  }
}
    
```

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct about traffic received on the ge-0/0/1.0 interface?

- A. All traffic will be silently dropped.
- B. All traffic will be accepted.
- C. All traffic will be dropped and a UDP message sent back to the source.
- D. All traffic will be dropped and an ICMP notification sent back to the source.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

When you choose to read your e-mail using an e-mail client, your e-mail client interacts with which OSI layer?

- A. presentation
- B. transport
- C. application
- D. session

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

According to the OSI (Open Systems Interconnection) model, the application layer is responsible for providing the user with a means to access the network services, such as e-mail, file transfer, and virtual terminal access. An e-mail client, such as Microsoft Outlook or Apple Mail, operates at the application layer and interacts with the underlying network services to retrieve and manage e-mail messages.

**NEW QUESTION 3**

Which two statements about the configure exclusive command are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The command excludes other users from editing the configuration.
- B. The command retains all uncommitted changes when exiting exclusive mode
- C. The command causes the loss of all uncommitted changes when exiting exclusive mode
- D. The command allows multiple users to edit private copies of the configuration concurrently.

**Answer: CD**

**NEW QUESTION 4**

Click the Exhibit button



You are connecting to a new device in your network and are presented with the information and prompt shown in the exhibit. Which three steps must be carried out to edit the configuration on this device? (Choose three.)

- A. Type configure at the > prompt.
- B. Log in using the root user with no password.
- C. Type cli at the = prompt
- D. Type cli at the > prompt
- E. Log in using the root user with the root 123 password.

**Answer:** AB

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Which default login class should you select if you want the user to edit configuration files?

- A. read-only
- B. unauthorized
- C. super-user
- D. operator

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 6**

What is the name of the volume containing the software and files used for the day-to day operation of a device using Junos with upgraded FreeBSD?

- A. /var
- B. /active
- C. /junos
- D. /oam

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 7**

What is the decimal equivalent of 00000100?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 9
- D. 12

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Click the Exhibit button

```
Exhibit

[edit interfaces]
user@router# show
et-0/0/34 {
  unit 0 {
    family inet {
      address 10.10.0.1/24;
      address 10.20.0.1/24 {
        preferred;
      }
      address 10.30.0.1/24 {
        primary;
      }
      address 10.40.0.1/24 {
        primary;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Referring to the exhibit, what will be the source address for packets egressing et-0/0/34.07

- A. 10.20.0.1
- B. 10.30.0.1
- C. 10.10.0.1
- D. 10.40.0.1

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=045KRRS9fCg&t=396s>

**NEW QUESTION 9**

Exhibit.

```
[edit policy-options policy-statement my-policy]
user@router# show
term 1 {
  from {
    route-filter 10.0.0.0/8 orlonger;
  }
  then reject;
}
term 2 {
  from {
    route-filter 10.1.1.0/24 exact;
    route-filter 10.1.1.0/24 orlonger;
  }
  then accept;
}
```

You have the policy configuration shown in the exhibit applied to your BGP peering. You find that your customer routes coming from the 10.1.1.0/24 network are being rejected.

Which command should be used to correct the problem?

- A. [edit policy-options policy-statement my-policy] user@router# insert term 1 before term 2
- B. [edit policy-options policy-statement my-policy] user@router# insert term 2 before term 1
- C. [edit policy-options policy-statement my-policy] user@router# copy term 2 to term 0
- D. [edit policy-options policy-statement my-policy]

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Click the Exhibit button.



```
[edit groups]
user@router# show
ge-int {
  interfaces {
    <ge-2/*> {
      unit 0 {
        family inet{
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

What will happen when you commit the configuration shown in the exhibit?

- A. Gigabit interfaces on FPC 2 will inherit the family inet configuration.
- B. All gigabit interfaces will inherit the family inet configuration.
- C. VLAN 0 will be applied to gigabit interfaces on FPC 2.
- D. VLAN 0 will be applied to all gigabit interfaces.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which layer of the OSI model does a router use to make forwarding decisions?

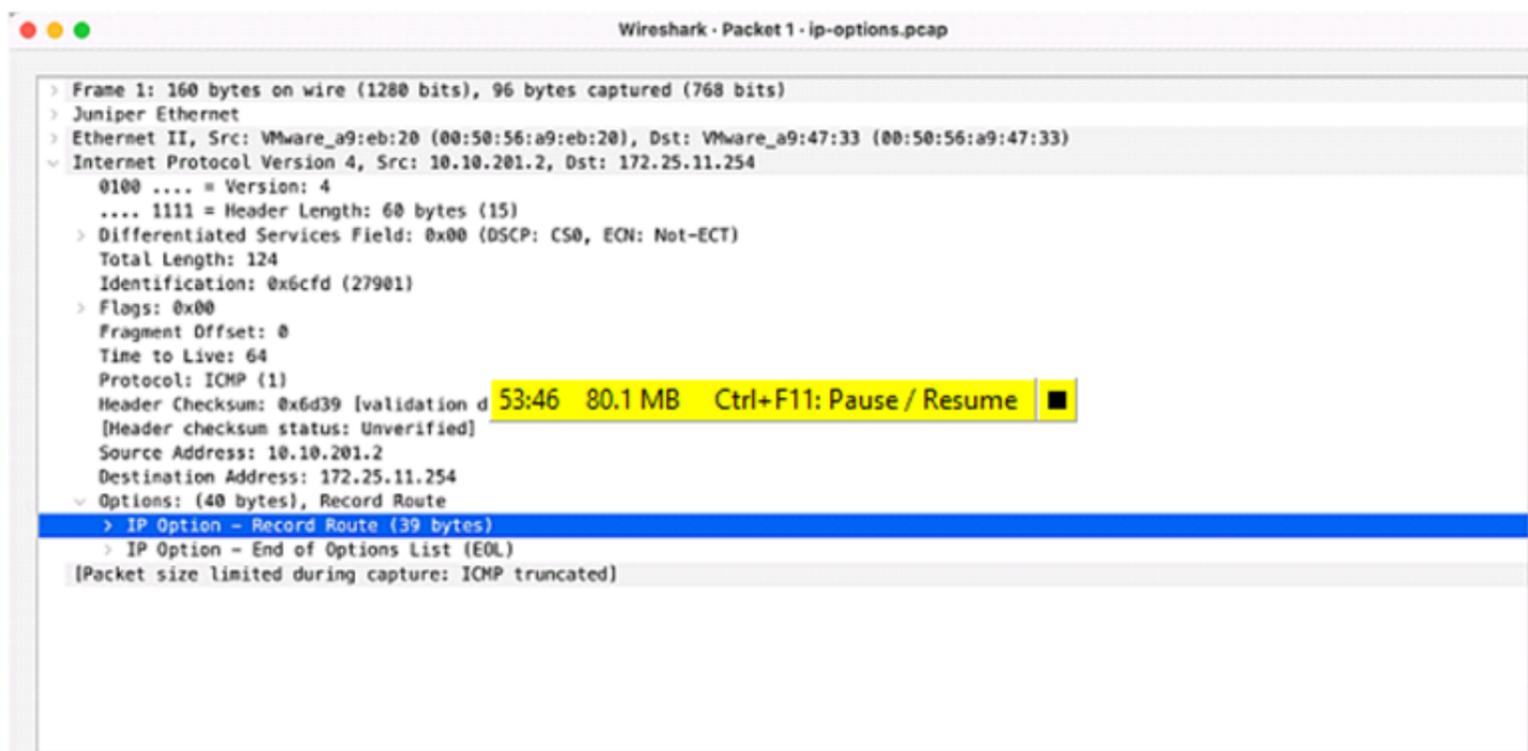
- A. Layer 3
- B. Layer 4
- C. Layer 5

D. Layer 2

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 11**

Click the Exhibit button.



What happens if the packet shown in the exhibit is received by a device running Junos OS?

- A. The packet is received by the RE first and then redirected to the PFE.
- B. The packet is received by the PFE first and then redirected to the RE.
- C. The packet is handled by the PFE alone.
- D. The packet is handled by the RE alone.

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

IP options are exception traffic

Packets addressed to the chassis, such as routing protocol updates, Telnet sessions, pings, traceroutes, and replies to traffic sourced from the RE;

- IP packets with the IP options field (options in the packet's IP header are rarely seen, but the PFE was purposely designed not to handle IP options; packets with IP options must be sent to the RE for processing); and
- Traffic that requires the generation of Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) messages.

**NEW QUESTION 13**

What are two functions of the transport layer? (Choose two.)

- A. data integrity
- B. segmentation
- C. flow control
- D. packet forwarding

**Answer:** BC

**Explanation:**

The transport layer is responsible for ensuring the reliable delivery of data between applications running on different devices. It provides two main functions:

\* B. Segmentation: The transport layer is responsible for dividing large data payloads into smaller segments that can be transmitted over the network. This allows for better utilization of network resources and improved reliability, as errors in transmission can be detected and corrected more easily.

\* C. Flow control: The transport layer is also responsible for managing the flow of data between the sender and receiver. It monitors the receiving device's buffer capacity to ensure that it is not overwhelmed by incoming data, and can adjust the rate at which data is transmitted accordingly. This helps to prevent data loss and ensure the efficient use of network resources.

These two functions are crucial for ensuring the reliable delivery of data in a network and are provided by protocols such as TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) and UDP (User Datagram Protocol).

**NEW QUESTION 18**

Click the Exhibit button.

```

Exhibit

user@router> show route 10.10.10.0/24
inet.0: 16 destinations, 18 routes (16 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
* = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both
10.10.10.0/24    *([Static/5] 00:00:10
                > to 172.18.1.1 via ge-0/0/1.0
                [OSPF/10] 2d 21:36:33, metric 3
                > to 172.18.1.1 via ge-0/0/1.0

```

You want to make the OSPF route shown in the exhibit the active route for the 10.10.10.0/24 IP address. Which action is required to accomplish this task?

- A. Set the static route to no-readvertise.
- B. Set the OSPF route preference to 4.
- C. Set the static route preference to 0
- D. Set the OSPF metric to 0

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 19**

Click the Exhibit button.

-- Exhibit --

```
user@router> restart
```

^

unknown command.

-- Exhibit -

You are troubleshooting a routing issue on a device running Junos. You receive the error shown in the exhibit when you attempt to restart the routing process. Which statement describes the problem?

- A. The routing process can only be restarted from configuration mode.
- B. You do not have permission to restart the routing process.
- C. The routing process must be restarted from the shell.
- D. You have typed an invalid command.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 24**

What are two benefits of a modular operating system? (Choose two.)

- A. A malfunction in one module causes a full system shutdown.
- B. Each module runs in its own protected memory space.
- C. It enables the independent restart of each module as necessary.
- D. It enables CPU scheduling strictly using kernel system calls.

**Answer: BC**

**Explanation:**

Ref: Junos OS Overview | Junos OS | Juniper Networks "Junos OS Overview

...

Modular Software Architecture

Although individual architecture modules of Junos OS communicate through well-defined interfaces, each module runs in its own protected memory space, preventing one module from disrupting another. It also enables the independent restart of each module as necessary.

..."

**NEW QUESTION 27**

The IP address 10.1.1.1 belongs to which class of IP address space?

- A. Class A
- B. Class B
- C. Class C
- D. Class D

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 29**

Click the Exhibit button.

**Exhibit**

```

user@router> show interfaces fxp0
Physical interface: fxp0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 8, SNMP ifIndex: 1
  Type: Ethernet, Link-level type: Ethernet, MTU: 1514, Speed: 1000mbps
  Device flags   : Present Running
  Interface flags: SNMP-Traps
  Link type      : Full-Duplex
  Current address: 00:50:56:a9:1c:b0, Hardware address: 00:50:56:a9:1c:b0
  Last flapped   : 2020-01-17 16:27:10 UTC (1w3d 23:56 ago)
  Input packets  : 54054
  Output packets : 30089
Logical interface fxp0.0 (Index 5) (SNMP ifIndex 13)
  Flags: Up SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: ENET2
  Input packets  : 54054
  Output packets : 30089
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
  Max nh cache: 100000, New hold nh limit: 100000, Curr nh cnt: 1,
  Curr new hold cnt: 0, NH drop cnt: 0
  Flags: Sendbcst-pkt-to-re, Is-Primary
  Addresses, Flags: Is-Default Is-Preferred Is-Primary
    Destination: 172.25.11/24, Local: 172.25.11.1, Broadcast: 172.25.11.255
  
```

Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The logical interface is running IPv6.
- B. The interface is operating in full-duplex mode.
- C. The address 172.25.11.255 is the broadcast address for the logical interface.
- D. The interface MAC address has been changed from the default MAC address.

**Answer: BC**

**NEW QUESTION 30**

Click the Exhibit button.

**Exhibit**

```

user@router> show ospf neighbor
Address          Interface          State      ID                Pri  Dead
172.25.1.9       ge-0/0/1.0         Full      192.168.100.3    128  30
172.25.1.2       ge-0/0/2.0         Full      192.168.100.2    128  35
  
```

Which two statements about the output shown in the exhibit are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. The neighbors are not using the Junos OS default OSPF priority value.
- B. The IP address assigned to the router's ge-0/0/1.0 interface is 172.25.1.9.
- C. The router has two OSPF adjacencies.
- D. The router ID of the neighbor connected to the ge-0/0/1.0 interface is 192.168.100.3.

**Answer: BC**

**NEW QUESTION 34**

Which two statements about routing policies are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. An import policy is used to control incoming traffic on a specific interface.
- B. An export policy determines the routes in the local routing table that are advertised to peers.
- C. An import policy is used to control routes that are accepted by the local routing table.
- D. An export policy is used to control outgoing traffic on a specific interface.

**Answer: BC**

**Explanation:**

Ref: Understanding Routing Policies | Junos OS | Juniper Networks "Understanding Routing Policies

...

Importing and Exporting Routes

Two terms—import and export—explain how routes move between the routing protocols and the routing table.

- When the Routing Engine places the routes of a routing protocol into the routing table, it is importing routes into the routing table.
- When the Routing Engine uses active routes from the routing table to send a protocol advertisement, it is exporting routes from the routing table.

...

**NEW QUESTION 37**

Click the Exhibit button

**Exhibit**

```
user@router# show protocols isis | display set
set protocols isis traceoptions file is-is-logs.log
set protocols isis traceoptions flag hello
set protocols isis traceoptions flag packets
set protocols isis traceoptions flag normal
set protocols isis level 1 disable
set protocols isis interface ge-0/0/0.0 point-to-point
```

You are capturing logs to troubleshoot an issue with IS-IS; however, the logs are increasing in size too quickly. Referring to the exhibit, which configuration statement would solve this problem?

- A. set protocols isis traceoptions flag hello detail
- B. set protocols isis traceoptions file files 10
- C. delete protocols isis traceoptions flag normal
- D. delete protocols isis traceoptions file is-is-logs.log

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 42**

Referring to the exhibit.

```
[edit protocols ospf]
user@router# edit area 51 stub
[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.51 stub]
user@router# exit
```

what happens when you issue the exit command at the [edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.51 stub] hierarchy level?

- A. You move one level up to the [edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.51] hierarchy level.
- B. You exit the configuration mode.
- C. You move to the [edit] hierarchy level.
- D. You move to the most recent higher level of the [edit protocols ospf] hierarchy.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 46**

Click the Exhibit button.

**Exhibit**

```
[edit policy-options]
user@router# show
policy-statement BGP-to-OSPF {
  term 10 {
    from protocol bgp;
    then accept;
  }
}
```

You must apply the policy shown in the exhibit to readvertise BGP routes to OSPF neighbors Which action will accomplish this task?

- A. You must apply the policy as an import policy within the BGP configuration
- B. You must apply the policy as an import policy within the OSPF configuration.
- C. You must apply the policy as an export policy within the BGP configuration
- D. You must apply the policy as an export policy within the OSPF configuration

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 50**

Which output displays that the peer has been selected for NTP synchronization?

```

user@router> show ntp associations
  remote      refid          st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
  =====
-172.25.11.254 10.210.8.72   3 -  28  256  377  0.682  0.149  0.249

user@router> show ntp associations
  remote      refid          st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
  =====
172.25.11.254 10.210.8.72   3 -  28  256  377  0.682  0.149  0.249

user@router> show ntp associations
  remote      refid          st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
  =====
*172.25.11.254 10.210.8.72   3 -  28  256  377  0.682  0.149  0.249

user@router> show ntp associations
  remote      refid          st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
  =====
x172.25.11.254 10.210.8.72   3 -  28  256  377  0.682  0.149  0.2491

```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 51**

Click the Exhibit button.

user@router> show interfaces | no-more

Referring to the exhibit, what happens when you filter the output of a command using the no-more parameter?

- A. The output is displayed in XML format.
- B. The output is displayed with no page breaks.
- C. The number of lines in the output are displayed.
- D. The last screen of information is displayed.

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Ref: | (pipe) | Junos OS | Juniper Networks “| (pipe)

... Description

Filter the output of an operational mode or a configuration mode command.

... Options

...

no-more Display output all at once rather than one screen at a time.

...”

**NEW QUESTION 54**

What are two link state routing protocols? (Choose two.)

- A. IS-IS
- B. OSPF
- C. IBGP
- D. EBGP

**Answer: AB**

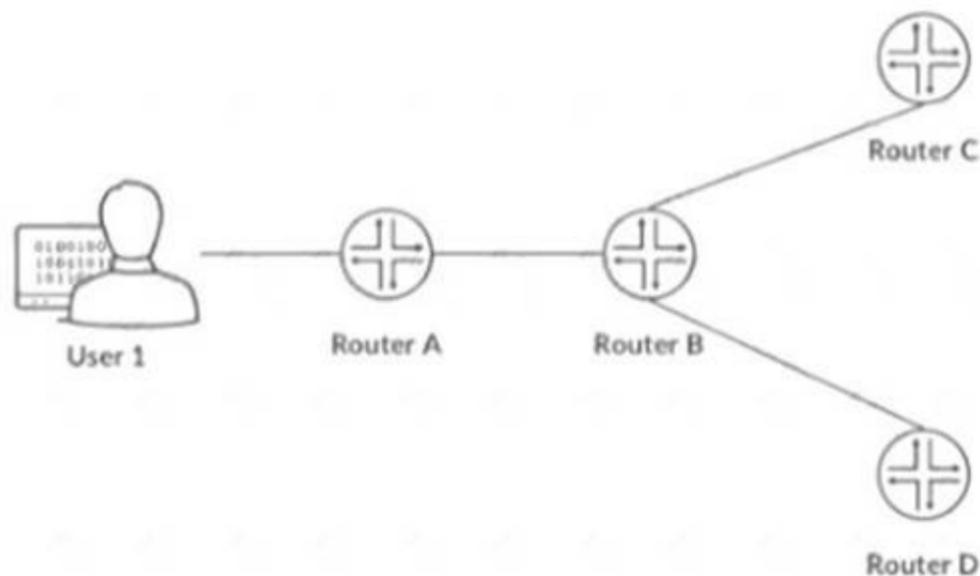
**Explanation:**

According to the Juniper Networks JNCIA-Junos Study Guide, two link state routing protocols are IS-IS (Intermediate System to Intermediate System) and OSPF (Open ShortestPath First). These two protocols are used for interior gateway routing in large enterprise networks and service provider networks.

**NEW QUESTION 57**

Click the Exhibit button.

**Exhibit**



User 1 pings Router C to determine its status.

Which router shown in the exhibit, treats the traffic generated by the ping command as exception traffic?

- A. Router A
- B. Router B
- C. Router D
- D. Router C

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 58**

What is the network address for a host with an IP address of 192.168.87.125/16?

- A. 192.168.128.0
- B. 192.168.0.0
- C. 192.168.96.0
- D. 192.168.87.0

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

The network address for a host is determined by performing a bitwise AND operation between the host's IP address and the subnet mask. In this case, the IP address is 192.168.87.125 and the subnet mask is 255.255.0.0 (or /16), which means that the first 16 bits are used for the network portion of the address and the remaining 16 bits are used for the host portion.

To find the network address, we perform the bitwise AND operation: 192.168.87.125 (IP address)  
& 255.255.0.0 (subnet mask)  
= 192.168.0.0 (network address)

So, the network address for a host with an IP address of 192.168.87.125/16 is 192.168.0.0.

**NEW QUESTION 61**

You are asked to configure filter-based forwarding Which routing-instance type would you use?

- A. VRF
- B. virtual router
- C. non-forwarding
- D. forwarding

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 63**

Which statement is true about using custom login class permissions?

- A. If you allow and deny the same command, the command is denied.
- B. If you allow and deny the same command, Junos OS will randomly choose the action.
- C. If you allow and deny the same command, the command is allowed.
- D. If you allow and deny the same command, the Junos OS will fail the commit check.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Understanding the Allow and Deny Statement Precedence and Matching By default, the allow-commands and allow-configuration regular expressions take precedence over deny-commands and deny-configuration expressions. Thus, if you configure the same command for both the allow-commands and deny-commands statements, then the allow operation takes precedence over the deny operation.

Ref: User Access Privileges | Junos OS | Juniper Networks "User Access Privileges"

...

Understanding the Allow and Deny Statement Precedence and Matching

By default, the allow-commands and allow-configuration regular expressions take precedence over deny-commands and deny-configuration expressions. Thus, if you configure the same command for both the allow-commands and deny-commands statements, then the allow operation takes precedence over the deny operation.

..”

#### NEW QUESTION 65

Which two statements describe firewall filters? (Choose two.)

- A. Firewall filters are applied to interfaces.
- B. Firewall filters are applied to security policies
- C. Firewall filters provide stateless security.
- D. Firewall filters provide stateful security.

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 67

Which two statements describe the functions of the Packet Forwarding Engine (PFE)? (Choose two.)

- A. The PFE will route or switch packets or frames out of the correct interface as quickly as possible.
- B. The PFE will apply filters and routing policies when forwarding the packets to their final destination.
- C. A The PFE will process management traffic to help monitor and manage the network device.
- D. A The PFE will calculate the best network path to each individual subnet based on input from various routing protocols and static routes.

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 70

Which two conditions must exist in a Junos device for traffic to transit the device to a specific destination? (Choose two.)

- A. A routing table entry for that destination must exist.
- B. A firewall filter must exist to allow traffic to reach that destination.
- C. A forwarding table entry for that destination must exist.
- D. A routing policy must be in place on the device.

**Answer:** AC

#### NEW QUESTION 71

Which attribute must be defined when configunng a non-root user in Junos OS?

- A. class
- B. uid
- C. authentication
- D. full-name

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

UID is optional (it is automatically set) whereas class is required:<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos/user-access/topics/topic-map/junos-os-use>

#### NEW QUESTION 76

Which two commands will provide the current configuration of the MX1-PE1 BGP group on your router? (Choose two.)

- A. user@router# show groups | display set | match MX1-PE1
- B. user@router# show | display set | match MX1-PE1
- C. user@router> show configuration | match set | match MX1-PE1
- D. user@router> show configuration | dispalv set | match MX1-PE1

**Answer:** BD

#### NEW QUESTION 79

A user has entered the sequence of commands shown in the exhibit

```
Exhibit

[edit]
user@router# edit interfaces
[edit interfaces]
user@router# edit ge-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 family inet]
user@router# exit
```

At which level of the configuration hierarchy would the user be after typing the exit command?

- A. [edit]
- B. [edit interfaces ge-0/0/0]
- C. [edit interfaces ge-0/0/0 unit 0 ]
- D. [edit interfaces]

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

```
abc# edit interfaces [edit interfaces]
abc# edit ge-0/0/1 unit 0 family inet
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 0 family inet] abc# exit
[edit interfaces]
```

**NEW QUESTION 83**

Which statement is true about PFEs?

- A. A PFE receives microcode updates from the RE.
- B. A PFE receives layer 4 forwarding tables updates from the RE.
- C. A PFE receives hardware status messages from the RE
- D. A PFE receives environmental status messages from RE.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 88**

Which statement describes the ulst next-hop type that appears in the output of the show route forwarding-table command?

- A. A list of unicast or multicast forwarding entries waiting to be resolved.
- B. A list of unicast destination prefixes for which packets will be silently discarded
- C. A list of unicast next hops used for a given destination for which load balancing is enabled
- D. A list of unicast or multicast destination prefixes for which packets will be silently discarded.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 90**

Click the Exhibit button

**Exhibit**

```
[edit firewall family inet filter input-ff]
user@router# show
term else-accept {
  then {
    count outbound-accepted;
    accept;
  }
}
term discard-outbound-traffic {
  from {
    source-address {
      0.0.0.0/0;
      172.27.102.0/24 except;
    }
  }
  then {
    log;
    discard;
  }
}
```

A packet destined to the 172.27.102.65 IP address is received by the ge-0/0/1.0 interface on your Junos device. The input firewall filter shown in the exhibit is applied to the ge-0/0/1.0 interface.

Which two actions are performed in this scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. The packet is logged
- B. The packet is accepted
- C. The packet is counted
- D. The packet is discarded.

**Answer:** BC

**NEW QUESTION 91**

Which command allows you to execute operational mode commands while in configuration mode?

- A. activate
- B. show
- C. run
- D. set

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

<https://help.ui.com/hc/en-us/articles/204960094-EdgeRouter-Configuration-and-Operational-Mode#:~:text=If%20you%20wish%20to%20run%20an%20Operational%20Mode%20command%20from%20while%20in%20Configuration%20Mode%2C%20use%20the%20run%20com> [https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\\_US/src4.10/topics/task/operational/cli-modes-switching.html](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/src4.10/topics/task/operational/cli-modes-switching.html)

**NEW QUESTION 94**

Click the Exhibit button.

```
UserA@router1> configure
UserA@router1# deactivate routing-instances XYZ protocols bgp group MX1-PE1 traceoptions
UserA@router1# deactivate routing-instances CST protocols bgp group BGP1 traceoptions
UserA@router1# deactivate routing-instances XYZ protocols bgp group BGP2 traceoptions
UserA@router1# show | compare
[edit routing-instances CST protocols bgp group BGP1]
!      inactive: traceoptions ( ... )
[edit routing-instances XYZ protocols bgp group BGP2]
!      inactive: traceoptions ( ... )
[edit routing-instances XYZ protocols bgp group MX1-PE1]
!      inactive: traceoptions ( ... )
UserA@router1# commit check
re0:
configuration check succeeds
rel:
configuration check succeeds
```

UserA is currently working on routed and has issued the commands shown in the exhibit. UserB wants to update the IP address currently configured on interface xe-1/2/1.0.

What will UserB do to complete the configuration changes without interfering with UserA's work?

- A. UserB should use the configure private option to complete the changes while UserA continues with the changes.
- B. UserB should use the configure exclusive option to complete the changes while UserA continues with the changes.
- C. Use the edit command and run the commit confirmed option then proceed with UserB's changes.
- D. Wait for UserA to finish then proceed with changes using the configure private option.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 96

What are two benefits of class of service (CoS)? (Choose two.)

- A. CoS can increase the performance of a slow network.
- B. CoS can manage traffic congestion
- C. CoS can prioritize latency-sensitive traffic
- D. CoS can increase network bandwidth.

**Answer: BC**

#### Explanation:

Ref: Benefits of CoS | Junos OS | Juniper Networks "Benefits of CoS

...

CoS features allow a Juniper Networks device to improve its processing of critical packets while maintaining best-effort traffic flows, even during periods of congestion.

...

CoS dedicates a guaranteed minimum bandwidth to a particular service class by reducing forwarding queue delays.

#### NEW QUESTION 98

You want to temporarily apply a candidate configuration to the active configuration and automatically roll back after 10 minutes

In this scenario, which command will accomplish this task?

- A. commit at
- B. commit confirmed
- C. commit check
- D. commit

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

[edit]

user@host#commit confirmed

commit confirmed will be automatically rolled back in 10 minutes unless confirmed commit complete

#commit confirmed will be rolled back in 10 minutes [edit]

user@host#

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos/cli/topics/topic-map/junos-configuration-commit.ht>

#### NEW QUESTION 100

What does the commit check command do?

- A. It validates the syntax of a candidate configuration without actually committing the configuration.
- B. It commits the configuration when a validation check succeeds.
- C. It schedules the commit to a future time.

D. It adds a comment to the messages log.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The commit check command allows you to validate the syntax of a candidate configuration without actually committing the configuration. This is useful for validating the syntax of a configuration before committing it to ensure that the configuration can be applied without any errors. According to the Juniper Networks JNCIA-Junos study guide, the commit check command validates the syntax of a candidate configuration without actually committing the configuration.

**NEW QUESTION 105**

You must verify that interface ge-0/0/0.0 is administratively up and that the link is up. In this scenario, which command will accomplish this task?

- A. show configuration interfaces ge-0/0/0.0
- B. show chassis fpc pic-status
- C. show system information
- D. show interfaces terse

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

Ref: show interfaces | Junos OS | Juniper Networks "show interfaces

...

Sample Output

...

show interfaces terse

user@host> show interfaces terse Interface Admin Link Proto Local Remote ge-0/0/0 up up

ge-0/0/0.0 up up inet 10.209.4.61/18 gr-0/0/0 up up

..."

**NEW QUESTION 109**

You are asked to configure a Junos device to perform regular configuration backups

Which feature will you configure under the [edit system] hierarchy to accomplish this task?

- A. archival
- B. backup-router
- C. syslog
- D. tracing

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 113**

.....

## Thank You for Trying Our Product

\* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

\* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

\* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

\* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

**100% Pass Your JN0-104 Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:**

<https://www.certleader.com/JN0-104-dumps.html>